

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

Vol. II. Camp Douglas, U. T., Thursday Morning, July 28, 1864. (No. 21.)

Daily Union Vedette, PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT SUNDAYS. CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERRITORY.

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,
California & Nevada Territory Volunteers.

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Special Notices charged for at the rate of fifty cents a line, each insertion.
Advertisements, Births, and Deaths are published in this paper free of charge.

Job Work,
SUCH AS
MINING CERTIFICATES,
PROGRAMMES, BALL INVITATIONS,
BILL HEADS,
Cards, Circulars, Blank Forms
etc., etc., etc.,
IN GOOD STYLE AND ON REASONABLE TERMS.

All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.
All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

L. W. A. Cole is our Carrier, and authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Or here left for him at the U. S. Quartermaster's Storehouse Main Street, will be promptly attended to.

L. P. FISHER,
No. 630 Washington Street, is the only Agent for the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the City of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS SALT LAKE CITY POST OFFICE.

DEPARTURES.

Eastern Mails.
For all places East of Salt Lake City, close at 8 A. M. each day.

Western Mails.
For all places West of Salt Lake City, close at 6 P. M. each day.

Northern Mails.
For Bannack City, East Idaho, on Mondays at 7:30 A. M.
For all settlements in Northern Utah and Soda Springs Idaho, on Mondays and Thursdays at 7:30 A. M.

Southern Mails.
For all settlements in Southern Utah, including the Cotton country; all settlements in San Pete county; for Alpine City and Cedar Valley, on Thursdays at 6:30 A. M.
For Fillmore City, and all settlements between Salt Lake City and Fillmore, on Mondays and Thursdays at 6:30 A. M.

ARRIVALS.

Eastern Mails.
Arrive at Salt Lake City each day—P. M.

Western Mails.
Arrive at Salt Lake City each day—P. M.

Northern Mails.
From Bannack City, East Idaho, on Saturdays at 4 P. M.
From all settlements in Northern Utah and Soda Springs, Idaho Territory, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 P. M.

Southern Mails.
From all settlements in Southern Utah, including the Cotton country, and all settlements in San Pete County, on Wednesdays, at 4 P. M.
From Fillmore City, and all settlements between Fillmore and Salt Lake City, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 P. M.
From Alpine City and Cedar Valley, on Fridays, at 4 P. M.

POWERS, NEWMAN & CO. BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE.

The highest price paid for
COIN AND GOLD DUST.

Office in the new building a few rods from the Salt Lake House, East Fourth Street.

Agents for the sale of
Clark & Co.,
BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City,
DEALERS IN

COIN,
GOLD DUST
and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with Metropolitan Bank, New York;
Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver;
Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Buxton & Co., Philadelphia.

See HOLLADAY,
New York.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,
BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for
GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.
Cash paid for Government Vouchers.
Drafts payable in Coin or Currency
sold on

New York,
San Francisco, Cal.,
Virginia City, Idaho,
Denver City, Colorado,
Atchison, Kansas,
Portland, Oregon and
Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale.

JAMES LINFORTH,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
208 BATTERY STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.
Austin, Nevada Territory.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah.

EXCHANGE AND EXPRESS OFFICE. J. G. & T. D. Brown, GENERAL MERCHANTS, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

Do you want Flour and Bacon? Go to Brown's.
Good fresh Butter? Call at Brown's.
Excellent Ham and Eggs? Buy at Brown's.
Green Tea, or black Tobacco? Go to Brown's.
Imperial, Hyson and Black Tea? Try Brown's.
Superb Coffee? Buy Brown's.
New and old Cheese? Go to Brown's.
Seeds and Fruit? Try Brown's.
10,000 best and cheapest Cigars? At Brown's.
Where Matches are given gratis? Go to Brown's.
A good Newspaper? See Brown's.
A pleasing Novel? Read Brown's.
A good Book? Buy at Brown's.
Exchange Dust for Greenbacks? Call on Brown.
A passage to the Mines? See Brown.
The worth of your money? Exchange with Brown.
The only Newspaper? Brown.
Paper Envelopes and Stamps? At Brown's.
Watches and Jewelry? Look at Brown's.
Needles, Pins and Notions? Buy at Brown's.
Things innumerable? Go to Brown's.
Look ye for odds and ends? Call at Brown's.
Our first advertisement? Read Brown's.

Co-Partnership Notice.

WE have this day associated with us in business
Messrs. Conrad Prag and Abraham Gahn, of San
Francisco, and the firm will hereafter be styled Ransohoff
& Co., instead of Ransohoff Bros., as heretofore.

R. T. City, April 4th, 1864.

O. OLIVE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Main St. opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City.

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the
highest style of art.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of
Officers' Military Uniforms.

STRAYED.

FROM 12th Ward, about the 15th of July, one small,
white mare, with head stall on, lately reached,
shaved tail and branded S. Y. on left shoulder. Any one
returning the above animal to the Quartermaster's
Central at Camp Douglas, will be liberally rewarded.

J. POLTER.

Notice.

Having been appointed by His Excellency the Gov.
of California, a Commissioner of Deeds for
the State of California, I am prepared to enter upon
the duties thereof, at my office, in Main street, Great
Salt Lake City, on the 1st of August, and all other
legal papers made out on the cheapest notice, and on
reasonable terms.
Acknowledgments furnished day or night, and on
State, 27th April.

BANNACK CITY EXPRESS.

Has increased its service, and now starts Concord
wagons every

MONDAY & THURSDAY

From Great Salt Lake and Bannack City, connecting
at Snake River.

Time, Four and One Half Days.
Their Coaches run daily between

Bannack and Virginia City.

Their first exploring expedition has started from
Virginia City for the Montezuma mines, and it is their
intention to extend the Express to these newly dis-
covered and prosperous mines.

W. D. BROWN, Agent.
G. S. L. City.

BLACKFOOT BUTTE FERRY.

This Ferry is now in complete running order, and is
the Best and Safest Ferry on Snake River and is run-
ning at Lower Rates than any other ferry in the
Western Country.

EMIGRANTS AND FREIGHTERS
To East Bannack, Virginia, Boise Mines and Oregon
will find it to their interest to travel by the way of this
ferry for the simple reason that it is the Best and
NEAREST road to any of the above places.

W. C. GOODRICH & CO.
Proprietors Lower Ferry.

GOODRICH HOUSE.

Bannack City, Idaho Territory.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the accommodation of
the Public, with

Good Beds and Tables
That will always be furnished with the best the mar-
ket affords.

Good Corral and Stables near the premises.

W. C. GOODRICH & CO.

ADMINISTRATOR NOTICE.

Notice hereby given that the undersigned was on
the 14th day of June, 1864, duly appointed adminis-
trator of the Estate of George Hawkins deceased, by
the Probate Court of Madison County, Idaho Territory.

All persons having claims against the deceased, are
hereby required to exhibit them with the necessary
vouchers, to the undersigned at Virginia City, in said
county and Territory, within ten months after the date
hereof for allowance, or the same will be forever
barred.

W. F. SANDERS.
Virginia City, July 4th, 1864.

FAUST'S STABLES.

Second South Temple St., G. S. L. City.

The undersigned are prepared to accommodate the
public with Hacks, Carriages, Buggies, Sulkeys and
Saddle Horses.

The only Horse market in the city. Stock sold by
public or private sale.

Hacks run to the Warm Springs every morning and
evening.

FOX & FAUST.

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

\$4 per ton.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this mine at
the above rate.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine
will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. CARLTON,
Agent Salt Lake City, April 6th, 1864.

W. L. APPLEBY, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Clerk of the U. S. Supreme Court of Utah.

DEBTS COLLECTED, DEEDS, POWERS OF ATTOR-
NEY, etc., carefully drawn up for the States and
Europe. Depositions, Acknowledgments, etc., taken
according to law, for any of the States or Territories.
Declarations for Citizenship attended to at the shortest
notice and on liberal terms.

Office at my residence, on Market street, one
and a half blocks west of the Market House, Great Salt
Lake City.

Atlanta.

The following description of this
place, which General Sherman's army
is now rapidly approaching, of which
he may even now have captured, is
from the New York Express.

Atlanta, which is the objective
point of the Sherman expedition, has
a population of twenty-six thousand
inhabitants, among whom are a liberal
sprinkling of Northerners, who are
the most demonstrative and extreme
Secessionists in the town. It is loca-
ted on an elevated and salubrious sec-
tion of the State, upon the dividing
line in Fulton county between the cot-
ton growing and grain producing re-
gions; and is three hundred and ten
miles from Savannah, three hundred
and seven miles from Charleston, and
one hundred and seventy-five miles
from Montgomery (Ala.), one hundred
and thirty-six miles from Chattanooga,
three hundred and twelve miles from
Knoxville, and seven hundred and
ninety miles from Richmond. Four
railroads communicate with Atlanta
and form a junction there—the West-
ern or Georgia State Railroad, the Ma-
con and Western Railroad and the At-
lanta-Montgomery Railroad. In the
spring of 1850 John G. Calhoun, on
his return from the Commercial Con-
vention at Memphis, stopped several
days at Atlanta, and predicted that it
would be the greatest inland city of
the South, and at no distant day the
Capital of the Southern Confederacy,
the corner-stone of which, he main-
tained, would be African slavery. Al-
though the rebel Capital is at present
in Richmond, the public sentiment of
the South has already located it per-
manently at Atlanta, provided the Con-
federacy does not collapse. There are
quarries of the very finest granite at
Stone Mountain, sixteen miles from
Atlanta, on the Georgia Railroad, and
the people of that city determined,
when this "cruel war is over," to rear
structures more magnificent than those
of Greece or Rome, tall as the Tower
of Babel, and more durable than the
Pyramids. Atlanta is the great mili-
tary depot of rebellion, and it is here
that the naval supplies are stored.
There is an armory at Atlanta, a chem-
ical laboratory, and a sword factory.
Shells, solid shot, siege guns, field
pieces and mountain howitzers, are
cast there. Percussion caps, cavalry
saddles, army wagons, tents, and all
the above and clothing for the West-
ern Department, are made at Atlanta.
The armory turn out muskets of the
Springfield pattern, and rolling-mills
stretch the plates for the rebel iron-
clads. Large quantities of meat are
packed there for the army. It may
well be termed the most flourishing
city of the Southern Confederacy,
though the first house was built there
as lately as 1844.

The Boston Herald, by far the
ablest and most popular Democratic
paper in New England—counting its
subscribers by hundreds where others
have but their tens—comes out for
Lincoln and Johnson. This is a po-
litical event of much significance.

Sac. Bee.

A captain of a vessel loading
coal, went into a merchant's counting
house, and requested the loan of a
rake. The merchant looking towards
his clerks replied "I have a number of
them, but none I believe wish to be
haunted over the coals."

A very good Goak—With a Moral in it.

Our readers are aware that a short time since, the head of the Church, accompanied by a numerous retinue of Bishops and friends, paid a visit to Provo City to have a talk with the Saints thereabouts. As is usual on such occasions, the faithful turned out in force with flags and banners, among which was the well known Mormon flag of Utah, a unique and very pretty institution, but differing materially from the National banner. A gentleman who was present, informs us that about this time some two hundred Indians came into town, enjoyed the demonstration hugely, but looked askant at the Mormon flag fluttering along side the Stars and Stripes. Finally, "Indian Jim," a Ute Chief, stepped forward, saluted the American flag with such commendation as, "good flag," ugh! Then turning to the banner of Utah, he slapped his breast furiously and exclaimed, "no good—no, Connor flag—take it down—Connor flag good, ugh!" So persistent was he against anything which was not the Union—pure "Connor flag," as he designated the Stars and Stripes, that to satisfy him the Mormon flag was immediately taken down, and the American flag alone fluttered in the breeze.

Now all this may seem very trifling, but it is one of those straws which are said to typify the direction of the wind. One year ago Gen. Connor's troops were engaged in a severe war with these same Indians, and succeeded in punishing them most severely for continued depredations. Shortly afterwards peace was made with them at their own solicitation, and since then they have been kindly and humanely treated. They begin to understand that so long as they behave themselves they have no better friend than Gen. Connor and his dreaded soldiers, and that punishment is sure to follow swift on the heels of evil conduct. Such has been the policy of the troops in treating the Indians, and it works to a charm. Firmness and determination in the punishment of outrage, but kindness and leniency so long as their conduct will justify it, are working their inevitable and legitimate results. There is a vast deal of human nature in the composition of those same redskins, and the policy adopted in Utah is based on that proposition. The Indians feel that they have no better friend than the soldiers, and we have no doubt they would take up arms on their behalf should occasion require, rather than provoke their hostility. The little incident above narrated, and which we derive from reliable authority, speaks volumes.

All the tribes which permanently inhabit Utah and its immediate vicinity are impressed with the same idea, and we are convinced it will take more than ordinary provocation to induce them again to take up arms against the whites. The Sioux, Arapahos and Cheyennes, who are now committing depredations east of Fort Bridger, and who for the first time since the advent of the California troops, have crossed into this District, have yet to be taught a similar lesson. Should they not be taken to the mountains or retrace their steps to the Missouri river right speedily, we shrewdly suspect they will have a taste at least of the first part of the Utah policy.

CONDITION OF THE STREETS.—We were forcibly struck the other day by the bad condition of the streets in general and the crossings in particular in this our Saintly burgh. The fact is that a forty miles drive in almost any direction from the city, is less injurious to the constitution of a vehicle and to the comfort of the occupants, than is one single jolting over the ruts, chasms, bogs and gulfs of Salt Lake city. It is somebody's duty to attend to this—at least we suppose somebody is paid for seeing to such things, and we wish he would attend to his duty.

NO EASTERN NEWS.—Up to date, the wires have not brought us any news from the battle-fields of the east. We can only hope that by to-morrow, communication may be interrupted and good news for the Union speeding westward over the wires.

ATTENTION.—We are informed that quite a number of emigrants have determined to stop at and in the vicinity of the new city of Stockton, in Rush Valley, and that many others are only awaiting the practical test of the mines of that region (by means of the smelting furnaces now being erected) to determine whether they will there take up permanently a local habitation. That is the kind of population wanted—intelligent and energetic, using their own judgment for the purposes for which it was given them, and not painfully given to "conquer."

NEW LEADS.—Quite a number of new leads have been recently discovered, located, and the claims recorded, in Bingham Canon, almost opposite to Camp Douglas, in the West or Quilrre mountains. The general character of the ore is similar to that discovered on the other side, viz: lead, silver and antimony; but it is said that the silver in these new leads largely in excess, as to quantity, over all former discoveries. This is flying rumor; the assay we have not seen.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.—Will subscribers please be very careful to give us accurately their Post office address? By failing in this, they are themselves often the cause of delay in receiving their papers;—a delay which is always unpleasant to us, and may just as readily be avoided as not.

DEPARTURE.—General Connor, accompanied by Capt. Hempstead, of the District staff, left on yesterday on a brief visit to Fort Bridger and the vicinity of the late Indian outrages. If sent out against the faithless savages, the troops now at Fort Bridger will, we doubt not, give a good account of themselves.

DEATH OF A DISTINGUISHED PATRIOT.—Robert Henderson, Deputy Secretary of State, died at Sacramento at 12 o'clock last Sunday, aged about thirty years. He was a native of Dunshablin, Ireland, and, since 1854, lived in El Dorado county, which, in 1861, he represented in the Legislature. Mr. Henderson was a devoted friend of the Union, and was the author of several notable articles which appeared in this paper, over the signature of "Irishman." A few years ago he distinguished himself by a series of articles in a Placerville paper, over the signature of "Wild Irishman," which we have always considered the most splendid productions which have appeared in any newspaper in California. During the campaign of 1862 he edited the Placerville News, and at various times has contributed, with different signatures, some of the most attractive communications that have appeared in the Flag. He was universally respected and beloved by his acquaintances. He was not only a man of talent, but a man of genius, seemingly without ambition, but largely gifted by nature, refined by education and always capable of the most brilliant display, whenever he required the use of language. He was the noblest type of an Irishman and a man, and we record his death with the sincerest grief of an American and a friend.—S. F. Flag, July 19th.

DEATH OF GENERAL COLLINS.—Col. Howell received by telegraph yesterday forenoon the announcement that Brigadier General Collins died on Monday evening at Nevada, and an accompanying invitation to his regiment to attend the funeral, which will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon a meeting of the commissioned officers of the city was held at the Auditor's office. It was determined that a delegation of officers from each company in the city would attend the funeral—it being of course impracticable for the regiment to go. The officers will leave for Nevada by this morning's train over the Pacific railroad. The flag over the Adjutant General's office was yesterday raised at half mast out of respect to the memory of the deceased. The deceased was General of the Fourth Brigade California Volunteers, of which the Sacramento companies formed a part.—Sac. Union, July 20th.

APPOINTMENT.—Gen. McDowell has appointed 1st Lieut. Theodore C. Winchell, 2d Inf'y, C. V., Acting Quarters Officer for the District of California, with his office at Gen. Wright's headquarters in this city. He entered upon the duties of his office Monday, July 19th.—Sacramento Union, July 20th.

RECRUITING.—We learn from Lieut. Wilkinson that recruiting is at present going ahead briskly, and that the quarters of the Provost Guard are being filled up with recruits.—Virginia Union.

REINSTATED.—C. B. Davis, late master mason at Mare Island, has, on appeal to the Government at Washington, been reinstated in the position whence he was removed by Commander Selfridge some time since.—Sac. Union.

ESCAPE FROM GREENHOUSE.—Among the Swisssons who recently escaped from Fort Carson, was George Greathouse. A dispatch was received from him yesterday, by one of his San Francisco friends, in which he announced his safe arrival in Canada.—S. F. Bulletin, July 20th.

CAVALRY HORSES.—One hundred head of fine horses has arrived at Fort Churchill, for Company F, Nevada Volunteers.—Vir. Union.

THE NATION'S TRIUMPH.—Gratitude to God, the Giver of all good, will naturally be the primary and paramount impulse of every patriot heart in view of the magnificent and decisive victory achieved by the Army of the Potomac in the battle of Thursday. The rebel army of Virginia has been thoroughly vanquished. Probably more of those who composed it one week ago are now wounded or prisoners, than remain to be rallied again under the flag of secession. We will not anticipate; but we believe Lee's army as an effective force has practically ceased to exist.

Rejoicing most intensely, as we do rejoice, over this achievement for our country's sake, we glory in it also for the sake of that heroic, long-suffering Army of the Potomac. More gallant soldiers the world never saw; yet its history has been so checkered with reverses that it stood grossly misjudged and undervalued almost universally down to this week. It was quite generally believed unable to cope with an equal number of rebels; and some of its commanders have seemed to share in this impression. That Army now stands nobly vindicated. By more than a week of incessant combat, wherein at least one-fourth of its numbers have been stricken down, through privation, endurance, achievement, persistence, and heroic contempt of agony in death, it has demonstrated its right to be deemed the peer of any army on earth. Till the last of its members sleeps in death, its children will boast of their parentage as a patent of nobility, and glistening eyes will attest the general admiration and love of whomsoever may justly claim to have fought throughout the Spotsylvania battles in the Army of the Potomac.

To Lieutenant-General Grant, the Nation's love and gratitude will be fervent and unmeasured. The Army of the Potomac hardly knew him a month ago; it knows him now and evermore. Had he shared the current estimate of its capacity, his misconception would have been natural; but he knew its worth instinctively, and trusted implicitly to its valor and devotion. The result proves that he was right, and that the Army has at last found its true leader. Let us harbor no shadow of doubt that, under his guidance, that army will promptly and thoroughly complete the work to which it has been called, and to which it has now proved itself so nobly adapted.—N. Y. Tribune.

WHISKY ON THE BRAIN.—A fellow with an abundance of alcoholic fluid on the brain, performed several demisemiquivers on the sidewalk on Carson street yesterday. He declared this was the most unsteady town he had put foot in. The streets, houses and sidewalks seemed to him to be all moving around in different directions, and it was hard for a man as sober as he was to find sufficient steady ground to place his feet on. A big hic-cup and a somersault, laid him prostrate on the street, where we left him wriggling in the dust.—Carson Independent, July 20.

A letter from Rome, of a late date, says there are but few Americans in that city at present, owing to the high rate of exchange.

The Pope has officially denied that he is on good terms with the King of Italy, and states that he maintains no relations whatever with him.

JAPANESE VIEW OF THE ENGLISH.—The following extract from the work published as to the recent visit to England of the Japanese Ambassadors will be interesting. The English are thus spoken of:

They, the western barbarians, who have lately destroyed our town, we visited. The men are red faced and fond of eating, and the low men eat raw meat, of which lumps are exhibited, much to our disgust. These people are very expert in iron; copies of their works our artists have drawn. Their buyers and sellers (merchants) are not allowed to do any other work, and, therefore, being somewhat ignorant, principally talk of business. The nobles (Daimios) buy their wives from the merchants, who train their daughters for that purpose. We think them great barbarians. The women wear frames to keep away the men. Some are pretty, but their eyes are large and close together; their feet are large and clumsy, and they have big legs. These women sing loud and roll their eyes, keeping time with motions of their heads. When they meet the men in the evening they are but partially dressed. These people make us sick with eating and drinking. The carriages in the streets try to knock down the people on foot, especially the women, to amuse the drivers. Their Government-house, where the Daimios meet to talk and sleep, is well built and equal to a first-class tea house; the women are kept in a cage. These people look at us much. The women are allowed to run about without keepers, playing with umbrellas (parasols). They are the greatest barbarians in the west.

VOLUNTEERS AND REGULARS.—The London Times of the 10th, in an article on the American war, says: "There is hardly a 'regular' battalion in the whole of the numerous hosts which are contending with such unparalleled ferocity and resolution. The 'veterans' who are occasionally spoken of cannot by possibility be soldiers of more than three years standing. Our own volunteers are older troops than the oldest troops under Grant or Lee. There is not a regiment in either camp which was raised before the Spring of 1861; for the numbers of the small regular army almost vanish in the mass, and it has never been found practicable to give it any increase of strength. The whole of this dreadful fighting has been done by volunteers without as much training as our own Riflemen. Yet these raw companies, without professional spirit or regimental traditions, with Captains snatched from the counter or the store, and with Generals who were attorneys a few months ago, are fighting with as much heroism and obstinacy as Napoleon's Old Guard or Germany's bravest warriors! There may be little science in the business, but of all that makes soldiers there is as much as in any war of which we read.

What did William Tell's son say to his parent after the apple was shot off his head? "Father," said he, (probably) "I've had an arrow escape." This, however, is only supposititious; because what Tell junior really said to Tell senior, on that occasion, can never be told. Mrs. Partington is of opinion that when old Tell asked the "brave Swiss boy" whether he should shoot, the youthful hero emphatically replied, "dus Tel!"

Andrew Johnson is the man who, in the United States Senate, in one of his speeches denouncing secession, said, as he pointed his finger at Jeff. Davis, "If I were the President, I would arrest you as traitors, try you as traitors, and hang you as traitors!"

THE NEW GOSPEL OF PAGANISM.—What a noble and interesting spectacle was presented for the contemplation of the world, when the United States, under her newly adopted Constitution, set out upon the career of National existence! The great and earnest men who had shaped her polity, and who looked on with mingled hope and anxiety as the wheels of the yet untried Government were set in motion, were aware of at least one weak place in the machinery—the blot upon the else untroubled charter of the nation's liberties. They did not regard their work as perfect; but they confidently expected that the evil which had been admitted as a temporary compromise, growing out of conflicting interests, and the apparent necessities of the hour, would soon pass away. That such was their belief and hope is an incontestable fact of history. Little indeed did they dream that this single germ of evil, instead of withering while yet in the bud, was destined to a steady and terrible development, until its ripened up-as-fruit should diffuse the poison of corruption and crime through the whole Republic, fill the land with distress and desolation, and strew half a continent with corpses! Yet from that one weak spot—that single germ of evil, have sprung all our national sins and all our national afflictions. So perilous at all times is the attempt to compromise between the conflicting powers of light and darkness, and to deviate from the great highroad of principle, to follow the crooked paths of expediency. When the mists that are exhaled from the conflicting passions and interests of the day, shall have been dissipated, and the events of our time come to be fairly investigated by men near enough to them, to perceive all the individual facts, yet at such a height above them, as to take in at a view all their mutual relations, and their full significance as a whole—then it will be admitted as the clearest fact in the philosophy of our history, that the hostile elements admitted in the outset into our system, and which has constantly waged war against its vital principles, is the source of all our woes; that but for it, the Republic would have gone majestically onward in an honorable career,—that we should have had no "North," no "South," no pro-slavery party, and no abolition party,—and that we should have continued, to this day, a truly united people, "with common principles, common interests, common hopes, and a common future."—*S. F. Flag.*

Old negro, slumbering, with his feet pointing to a glimmering fire. Opens one eye and gets a glimpse of them, as they stand up in the obscurity; mistakes them for two little negroes, and cries: "Git fum 'fore me!" and relapses into sleep. After a while opens the other eye, and still seeing the intruders, says: "Git fum 'fore me I say; I kick you in the fire if you don't; I will, shu!" and again he snores. His dreams not being pleasant he soon opens both eyes, and still seeing the little pets, he draws up his foot for the threatening kick, but is alarmed to see the enemy advance upon him, and exclaims: "Wha! where you comin' to now? Humph! my own foot, by golly!"

At a public ball given by the wife of the prefect of the Seine, at which three thousand persons were present, no crinoline was worn.

NOTICE.

Office of the Trustees of the V. & M. Co. Great Salt Lake City, July 22, 1864.
At a meeting of the Trustees of the V. & M. Co. held at the office of the Secretary, this day, an assessment of twenty (20) cents per foot was levied, and made payable to the Secretary on or before the twenty-fifth inst.
H. O. PRATT, Secretary.

NOTICE.

On and after July 27th, 1864, the business of the **OVERLAND STAGE LINE**, BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Will commence regular tri-weekly trips between **Salt Lake**

and **Bannack and Virginia Cities,**

Montana Territory, and also:

BOISE AND IDAHO CITIES,

Idaho Territory.

The first through Coach for the above mentioned points will leave next Wednesday morning (22nd inst.) at 8 o'clock.

FARE TO VIRGINIA CITY \$400

In Treasury Notes.

Office: East Temple Street.

W. L. HALSEY, Agent.

J. W. ELWORTH, DOW C. TOWN.

MANSION HOUSE,

Cor. Emigration St. & State Road,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

This is the most pleasant and best arranged Hotel in Salt Lake City. It is conveniently situated to all the places of business and amusement, and for the accommodation of families or single persons it is unsurpassed. The tables will at all times be supplied with the best the market affords.

Prices to suit the times.

ELWORTH & TOWN.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA,

Corner of Washington and Battery Sts.,

San Francisco.

THIS Bank is open for the transaction of a General Banking business. Will receive deposits, attend to the Collection of Paper, and draw Exchange by TELEGRAPH or otherwise, on New York, London, Dublin, etc., on the most favorable terms.

D. O. MILLS, WM. C. RALSTON,

President, Cashier.

San Francisco, July 5, 1864—1515 1m

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA,

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE.

CAPITAL STOCK, (paid up in gold coin.)

\$2,000,000!

WITH THE PRIVILEGE OF INCREASING

TO—

\$5,000,000.

Stockholders.

SAN FRANCISCO.

D. O. MILLS, WM. C. RALSTON,

R. S. FRETZ, J. B. THOMAS,

LOUIS McLANE, ASA T. LAWTON,

WM. E. BARRON, THOS. BELL,

JOHN O. EARL, WM. NORRIS,

J. WHITNEY, JR., O. F. GIFFIN,

A. J. POPE, HERMAN MICHAEL,

FREDERICK BILLINGS, GEORGE H. HOWARD,

H. F. TESCHENMACHER, A. HAYWARD,

Moses Ellis, A. B. MCCREARY,

R. M. JESSE, SAMUEL KNIGHT,

A. C. HENRY, J. C. WILMERDING,

WM. ALVORD.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JACOB KIM.

D. O. MILLS, President.

WM. C. RALSTON, Cashier.

Correspondents in New York.—LEES & WALLER, No. 33 Pine Street.

Correspondents in London.—BANK OF LONDON.

The undersigned give notice that the above named corporation has been organized for the purpose of carrying on the Banking and Exchange business, in all its branches, in this city and with the interior of this State, the neighboring States and Territories, and with Mexico; also with the Atlantic cities, Europe, China, and the East Indies; for which they are provided with ample facilities, and in conformity with the articles of association will commence operations on the 1st day of July, 1864, at the banking house now occupied by Donohoe, Huston & Co., corner of Washington and Battery streets.

With the view of giving to the business of the corporation all the efficiency and promptitude of a private banking firm, together with that confidential relation of private business matters so generally desired, the immediate management of its affairs is committed exclusively to D. O. Mills and Wm. C. Ralston, as President and Cashier respectively, to whom, or either of them, the customers of the Bank will apply in all business matters. The regular meeting of the Board of Trustees will take place monthly.

The undersigned deem it advisable to call particular attention to the following peculiarities of their organization, which are positively binding on all its members: First—Siles of its Capital Stock can be effected only after due appraisal by Stockholders selected for that special purpose; and the Trustees of the Corporation have, in all cases, the right to become purchasers of the stock appraised at the appraisal, for the benefit of the remaining Stockholders. This restriction is printed upon each Certificate of Stock.

Second—Loans cannot be made to stockholders, except upon collateral other than their shares in the Capital Stock of this Bank.

TRUSTEES:

D. O. MILLS, J. B. THOMAS,

LOUIS McLANE, THOMAS BELL,

WM. NORRIS, A. J. POPE,

JOHN O. EARL, O. F. GIFFIN,

HERMAN MICHAEL, JAMES WHITNEY, JR.

W. C. RALSTON.

San Francisco, June 18, 1864.

July 2-1m

FOR SALE.

Gumey Bags, Grain Sacks and Packing Boxes of all sizes, at the U. S. Submarine Store house, Salt Lake City.

LATEST OPERING!

respectfully inform the Public that they have just

received their splendid stock of

Gentlemen's Clothing and

Furnishing Goods;

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

BLANKETS,

RUBBER GOODS,

NOTIONS, ETC.,

which they offer for sale at

Eastern Prices,

in the newly fitted up premises,

Cor. Main and 1st South Temple Sts.

Our Goods being all lately and most carefully

selected in the

Great Eastern Market,

SURPASS IN ELEGANCE

LATEST STYLES,

ANYWHERE EVER BROUGHT TO THE FAR WEST.

CALL AND CONVINCE YOURSELVES

WHEEL & CO.,

1515 1m Corner of Main and 1st South Temple Sts.

ATTENTION!

DENVER CITY, COLORADO TY. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VIRGINIA CITY, IDAHO TERRITORY.

HELLMAN & KUHN,

Have just received and opened for inspection

The finest and largest assortment of

Merchandise,

Ever brought to this Territory; consisting of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

CIGARS, ETC.

Call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

at HELLMAN & KUHN, one door north of the Salt Lake House.

The Highest Prices Paid for Gold

Orders from the country will be promptly and carefully executed.

Essence of Jamaica Ginger.

This valuable preparation containing in a highly concentrated form all the properties of the Jamaica Ginger, has become one of the most popular domestic remedies, for all diseases of the stomach and digestive organs.

As a tonic it will be found invaluable to all persons suffering from debility, whether produced by fever or otherwise, for whilst it imparts to the system all the glow and vigor that can be produced by wine or brandy, it is entirely free from the excitatory effects that follow the use of spirits of any kind.

It is also an excellent remedy for females who suffer from difficult menstruation, giving almost immediate relief to the system that so frequently accompanies that period.

It gives immediate relief to nausea, caused by riding in a railroad car, or by sea sickness or other causes.

It is also valuable as an external application for gonorrhea, rheumatism, neuralgia, etc.

Ask for Dr. Herington & Co.'s Essence of Jamaica Ginger, as none other is pure and reliable.

Herington & Co., Proprietors,

418 and 419 Front Street, San Francisco.

Stop that Coughing!

Some of you can't, and we pity you. You have tried every remedy but the one desired, by its intrinsic merit, to supersede all similar preparations. It is not surprising you should be reluctant to try something else after the many experiments you have made of trashy compounds listed on the public as a certain cure; but

NEWELL'S

PULMONARY SYRUP

is really the very best remedy ever compounded for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Consumption. Thousands of people in California and Oregon have been already benefited by the surprising curative powers of

NEWELL'S

PULMONARY SYRUP.

And with one accord give it their unqualified approbation. We now address ourselves to all who are afflicted with this, the greatest Panacea of the age, for the healing of all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, assuring you that

NEWELL'S

PULMONARY SYRUP

Has cured thousands, and it will cure you if you try it. This invaluable medicine is pleasant to the taste; soothing, healing and strengthening in its effects; entirely free from all poisonous or deleterious drugs, and perfectly harmless under all circumstances.

Certificates from many prominent citizens of San Francisco accompanying every bottle of

NEWELL'S

PULMONARY SYRUP.

Herington & Co., Agents,

San Francisco.

And for sale everywhere.

DR. TOWNSLEY'S

INDIAN

VEGETABLE TOOTH ACHE ANODYNE

Is purely a vegetable preparation, which is

Warranted to Cure the Toothache in One Minute.

Caused by decay in the tooth. It will cure scurvy on the gums. It will loosen the gums and cause them to adhere to the tooth. It will cure gum boils, heal and remove all sores of the gums. It will sweeten the breath. It will be found valuable for children cutting teeth, or having swollen gums. It is an Indian preparation, and the recipe for making it was purchased by the proprietor from the famous tribe of Indians, in the Platte country.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS!

Providence has provided in Nature plants and roots that are remedies for all the ills of suffering humanity. This preparation contains no poisonous acids or mineral substances whatever. It has been extensively used, with universal satisfaction in all cases.

Who would suffer with this most distressing affliction when one 25 cent bottle will cure instantaneously?

Sold by all the principal druggists, and by

Herington & Co.,

418 and 419 Front Street, San Francisco.

Sole Agents.

Dr. Mott's

VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

WILL CURE

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation,

Fever, and all Bilious Diseases.

Three pills are made from vegetable, chemically extracted. After being used once, the patient having used them will use no others.

For sale by all Dealers in Family Medicines.

A. J. Mott & Co., Proprietors,

117 North Second Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

For sale everywhere, try them!

Herington & Co.,

418 and 419 Front Street, San Francisco.

Sole Agents.

THE Miners of West Mountain District will hold a meeting on the 2d of August, at the Jordan Bridge, on S. L. Cuts, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of amending and revising the laws of said district.

Dust and Coin

416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco,
Sole Agents.

Time to Atchison, Twelve days
1942 W. L. BALBEY, Agent